

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

BRENT MCPHERSON, <i>et al</i> ,	§	
	§	
Plaintiffs,	§	
VS.	§	CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:14-CV-00113
	§	
LEAM DRILLING SYSTEMS, LLC, <i>et al</i> ,	§	
	§	
Defendants.	§	

**ORDER ADOPTING MEMORANDUM AND RECOMMENDATION
TO GRANT DEFENDANT’S MOTION TO TRANSFER VENUE
TO THE HOUSTON DIVISION**

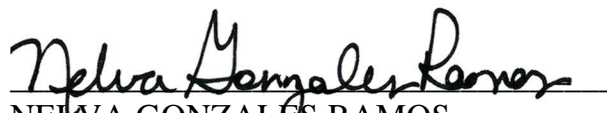
On July 30, 2014, United States Magistrate Judge Jason B. Libby issued his “Memorandum and Recommendation to Grant Defendant’s Motion to Transfer Venue to the Houston Division” (D.E. 35). The parties were provided proper notice of, and opportunity to object to, the Magistrate Judge’s Memorandum and Recommendation. FED. R. CIV. P. 72(b); 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); General Order No. 2002-13. No objections have been filed.

When no timely objection to a magistrate judge’s memorandum and recommendation is filed, the district court need only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record and accept the magistrate judge’s memorandum and recommendation. *Guillory v. PPG Industries, Inc.*, 434 F.3d 303, 308 (5th Cir. 2005) (citing *Douglass v. United Services Auto Ass’n*, 79 F.3d 1415, 1420 (5th Cir. 1996)).

Having reviewed the findings of fact and conclusions of law set forth in the Magistrate Judge’s Memorandum and Recommendation (D.E. 35), and all other relevant

documents in the record, and finding no clear error, the Court **ADOPTS** as its own the findings and conclusions of the Magistrate Judge. Accordingly, the motion to transfer venue (D.E. 9) is **GRANTED** and this action is **ORDERED** transferred to the Houston Division of the Southern District of Texas.

ORDERED this 15th day of August, 2014.


NELVA GONZALES RAMOS
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE